# TALK ABOUT DAILY ROUTINES

# 1 VOCABULARY Daily routines



**DIEGO SALAS** 

@DiegoS

Signing on to my weekly video chat. Such a great way to work with people around the world.





▶06-01 Listen. Then listen and repeat.













PAIRS What are your daily routines? What do you do to get ready in the morning? What do you do during the day and in the evening? Use the expressions in 1A and your own ideas. I get up early. Then I get dressed. Then I ...



## 2 GRAMMAR Adverbs of frequency

Statements with most verbs				Statements with be			
Subject	Adverb	Verb		Subject	Ве	Adverb	
I	always	get up	early.	I	am	never	late for work.
She	rarely	gets up	late.	She	is	sometimes	

Yes / no qu	erbs	Yes / no questions with be						
Do / Does	Subject	Adverb	Verb		Ве	Subject	Adverb	
Do	you	often	go	to the gym?	Are	you	often	late for work?
Does	he	ever			ls	he	ever	iate for Work?

#### Notes

- Use adverbs of frequency with simple present verbs, not present continuous verbs. It's 6:00 P.M., and Kate is ordering takeout. She often orders takeout for dinner.
- With be, put the adverb after be in statements and after the subject in questions.

They are never late. Are they ever late?

- With most verbs, put the adverb before the verb. They always arrive on time.
- Use ever in yes / no questions and negative statements only. Do not use *never* in questions.

He doesn't ever stay up late. = He never stays up late. Does he **ever** stay up late? NOT Does he <del>never</del> stay up late?

- Do not use sometimes, rarely, or never in sentences with not.
- We almost always use contractions in speech and informal writing.

100% always almost always usually 50% often sometimes rarely / almost never 0% never



# 3 PRONUNCIATION

- A Listen. Notice the way speaker B uses emphatic stress. Then listen and repeat.
  - A: I stayed up late to watch the game.
  - B: Not me. | NEVER stay up late.
  - A: Do you listen to music a lot?
  - B: Yes, I LOVE music.

#### main (strongest) stress. Sometimes we make the stress extra strong, or emphatic, to emphasize the word. We often use emphatic stress to

One word in a sentence has the

focus on a difference or to show strong feeling.

- B ▶ 06-04 Underline the word that speaker B will say with emphatic stress. Listen and check your work. Then check your work with a partner and listen again.
  - 1. A: I usually order takeout food for dinner.
    - B: Really? I never get takeout food.
  - 2. A: I get up early on weekdays.
    - B: Oh, I always get up early.

3. A: Do you want to go to the beach tomorrow?

**Emphatic stress** 

- B: Yeah, I love the beach.
- 4. A: Do you go to the gym often?
  - B: No, I hate working out.
- PAIRS Practice the conversations in 3B. Add one more sentence to each conversation.
  - A: I usually order takeout food for dinner.
  - **B:** Really? I NEVER get takeout food. I like to cook!

### **4 CONVERSATION**

- A Listen or watch. Circle the correct answers.
  - 1. Diego and Carlos are meeting for work / for fun.
  - 2. Diego never eats breakfast / stays up late.
  - 3. Carlos needs 20 minutes / an hour to get ready for work.
- **B** ▶ 06-06 Listen or watch. Complete the conversation.



Carlos: What's your typical morning like?

Diego: I \_\_\_\_\_\_ get up early and go to the gym. What about you?

Carlos: Me? I \_\_\_\_\_\_ get up early.

Diego: You \_\_\_\_\_ get up early?

Carlos: No. Never.

- © ▶06-07 Listen and repeat. Then practice with a partner.
- PAIRS Make new conversations. Use these words or your own ideas.

evening

make dinner go to bed early

night order takeout

stay up late

### 5 TRY IT YOURSELF

GAME Work in groups. What do you always, usually, often, sometimes, and never do? Write five sentences on pieces of paper. Put the papers in a box. Take a paper from the box. Read the sentence. Guess who wrote it.

A: "I always listen to music." Sara, is this you? B: Yes! I CAN TALK ABOUT DAILY ROUTINES.

